

**UNIVERSIDAD SAN FRANCISCO DE QUITO USFQ**

**Colegio de Música**

**Escena 1: Sprite Fright  
Escena 2: I'll Catch You**

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**Composición para Medios Contemporáneos**

Trabajo de fin de carrera presentado como requisito  
para la obtención del título de  
Licenciada en Composición para Medios Contemporáneos

Quito, 12 de diciembre de 2023

**UNIVERSIDAD SAN FRANCISCO DE QUITO USFQ****Colegio de Música****HOJA DE CALIFICACIÓN  
DE TRABAJO DE FIN DE CARRERA****Escena 1: Sprite Fright  
Escena 2: I'll Catch You****María Paula Valencia Vásquez****Nombre del profesor, Título académico****Nelson García, Compositor  
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Quito, 12 de diciembre de 2023

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## RESUMEN

En este proyecto se plantea la creación de la banda sonora para dos cortometrajes, "Sprite Fright" y "I'll Catch You", disponibles en la plataforma The Cue Tube. El objetivo principal es aprovechar las destrezas teóricas y compositivas desarrolladas a lo largo de estos semestres académicos. Se busca adquirir experiencia en la colaboración con un director, garantizando que el resultado final refleje la estrecha conexión entre el cine y la música.

**Palabras claves:** composición musical, film scoring, cortometraje, compositor, director.

## ABSTRACT

This project involves creating the soundtrack for two short films, "Sprite Fright" and "I'll Catch You", available on The Cue Tube platform. The main objective is to take advantage of the theoretical and compositional skills developed throughout these academic semesters. The aim is to gain experience in collaborating with a director, ensuring that the final result reflects the close connection between film and music.

**Keywords:** musical composition, film scoring, short film, composer, director.

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## INTRODUCCIÓN

La intersección entre la música y el cine ha sido un terreno fecundo de creatividad y expresión artística a lo largo de la historia cinematográfica. Este trabajo de titulación se sumerge en este fascinante mundo, con un enfoque particular en la composición musical para cortometrajes, a través de la creación de la banda sonora original para las producciones cinematográficas 'Sprite Fright' y 'I'll Catch You'.

La música en el cine no solo sirve como un mero acompañamiento auditivo, sino que desempeña un papel fundamental en la creación de atmósferas, la intensificación de emociones y la narración de historias. Este proyecto examina en profundidad la labor del compositor en la construcción de una partitura que no solo complementa, sino que enriquece la experiencia visual, otorgando una dimensión adicional a la narrativa cinematográfica.

La elección de este tema surge de la inmersión directa en el proceso creativo de dos cortometrajes notables: 'Sprite Fright' y 'I'll Catch You'. La experiencia de componer la música para estas producciones no solo proporciona un punto de partida tangible para la investigación, sino que también permite explorar la conexión íntima entre la música y la narrativa visual.

La composición musical para los cortometrajes incluidos en este proyecto ejemplifica de manera destacada los conocimientos adquiridos a lo largo de mi trayectoria académica. Además, subraya la estrecha conexión que he establecido con el ámbito audiovisual, destacando mi habilidad para comprender la visión del director y traducirla en una expresión musical coherente con las imágenes.

## DESARROLLO DEL TEMA

En el cortometraje "Sprite Fright", se empleó una instrumentación híbrida que fusiona elementos de la orquesta con sintetizadores. La paleta instrumental incluyó flauta, fagot, pad de brass, violín solista, ensamble de cuerdas, banjo, arpa, glockenspiel y percusión, creando una rica amalgama de sonidos. Para potenciar la dimensión electrónica, se recurrió a sintetizadores como Labs. Foghorn: The Lightkeeper, Glaze. Mmm Delicious, Kinetic Metal. Ringing Metal Tree, Cloud Supply, Hazed y Labs. Frozen Violin: Super Sul Tasto Violin.

El cortometraje comienza con una combinación de sonidos de violín y banjo, respaldados por una armonía brillante, estableciendo una atmósfera rural que se sincroniza magistralmente con la trama. A medida que los personajes descubren el mundo mágico, la instrumentación evoluciona hacia una expresión más orquestal, capturando la maravilla y la fantasía del entorno.

Sin embargo, conforme la trama da un giro oscuro, la instrumentación experimenta una transformación notable hacia elementos más electrónicos. La introducción de sonidos sintéticos y una armonía más sombría reflejan de manera magistral el cambio en la narrativa, sumergiendo al espectador en la creciente tensión y misterio. Este enfoque electrónico persiste hasta el final, donde la protagonista triunfa, culminando en una conclusión triunfal que cierra la historia de manera impactante. La cuidadosa selección de instrumentos y sintetizadores no solo complementa la narrativa visual, sino que también intensifica la experiencia emocional del espectador a lo largo de la narrativa de "Sprite Fright".

En la realización del cortometraje "I'll Catch You", opté por una dirección musical que se sumerge en un sonido ligeramente más orquestal, buscando inspiración en la misteriosa atmósfera característica de la música de detectives y del estilo de James Bond. Esta elección se ve reflejada en la armonía menor seleccionada, que aporta un matiz de intriga y suspense a la composición. La textura orquestal se construye cuidadosamente mediante la incorporación de un ensamble de cuerdas, arpa, piano, glockenspiel, platillos, timbales, bajo eléctrico, sintetizador Labs. Tundra Atmos: Ghost At The Harbour, ensamble de brass, y un saxofón tenor solista.

A lo largo del cortometraje, la música experimenta una progresión gradual tanto en dinámica como en orquestación, intensificándose de manera estratégica para complementar la evolución de la trama. Este aumento progresivo culmina en un emocionante clímax hacia el final, donde la combinación de instrumentos orquestales y sintetizadores crea una experiencia sonora impactante y memorable. La elección consciente de elementos musicales, junto con la cuidadosa manipulación de la dinámica, contribuye a enriquecer la narrativa visual de "I'll Catch You", sumergiendo al espectador en una experiencia cinematográfica envolvente y llena de suspense.

Score  
Concert Pitch

# Sprite Fright

Paula Valencia

**Flute**

**Bassoon**

**Brass Pad**

**Percussion**

**Glockenspiel**

**Harp**

**Synth. Labs. Foghorn: The Lightkeeper**

**Synth. Glaze. Mmm Delicious**

**Synth. Kinetic Metal. Ringing Metal Tree**

**Synth. Cloud Supply. Hazed**

**Synth. Labs. Frozen Violin: Super Sul Tasto Violin**

**Banjo**

**Solo Violin**

**Violin**

**Viola**

**Cello**

$\text{♩} = 67$

Sprite Fright, Score, p. 2

Sprite Flight, Score, p. 2

6

F1. - - - - - *mf*

Bs. - - - - - *p*

6

Brass - - - - - *mf* - - - - - *f*

6

Perc. - - - - -

6

Glk. - - - - -

6

Harp - - - - -

6

Fghrn. - - - - -

Glaze - - - - -

Metal - - - - -

Cloud - - - - -

Frozen - - - - -

6

Bjo. - - - - -

6

Vln. - - - - -

Vln. - - - - - *mf* - - - - - *pizz.* - - - - - *arco* - - - - - *p* - - - - - *arco* - - - - - *p*

Vla. - - - - - *mf* - - - - - *pizz.* - - - - - *arco* - - - - - *p*

Vc. - - - - - *mf* - - - - - *pizz.* - - - - - *arco* - - - - - *p*

## Sprite Fright, Score, p. 3

12

Fl.

Bs.

12

Brass

12

Perc.

12

Glk.

12

Harp

12

Fghrn.

Glaze

Metal

Cloud

Frozen

12

Bjo.

12

Vln.

Vln.

Vla.

Vc.

Sprite Fright, Score, p. 3

12

Fl.

Bs.

12

Brass

12

Perc.

12

Glk.

12

Harp

12

Fghrn.

Glaze

Metal

Cloud

Frozen

12

Bjo.

12

Vln.

Vln.

Vla.

Vc.

## Sprite Fright, Score, p. 4

*I7*

Fl.

Bs.

*I7*

Brass

*I7*

Perc.

*I7*

Glk.

*I7*

Harp

*I7*

Fghrn.

Glaze

Metal

Cloud

Frozen

*I7*

Bjo.

*I7*

Vln.

Vln.

Vla.

Vc.

*p* — *mf* — *p*

*f*

*pizz.* *3*

*3*

*arco*

*p* — *mf*

*f*

*pizz.3* *3*

*3*

*arco*

*p* — *mf*

*mf*

Sprite Fright, Score, p. 5

## Sprite Fright, Score, p. 6

33

Fl.

Bs.

33

Brass

f

33

Perc.

f

33

Glk.

f

33

Harp

33

Fghrn.

f

Glaze

Metal

f

Cloud

Frozen

33

Bjo.

33

Vln.

arco

Vln.

Vla.

Vc.

mf

## Sprite Fright, Score, p. 7

41

Fl.

Bs.

Brass

Perc.

> > > > > > > > > > >

Glk.

Harp

Fghrn.

Glaze

f

Metal

Cloud

f

Frozen

Bjo.

Vln.

Vln.

Vla.

Vc.

## Sprite Fright, Score, p. 8

49

Fl.

Bs. *f*

49

Brass

49

Perc.

49

Glk. *p*

49

Harp

49

Fghrn.

Glaze *p*

Metal

Cloud

Frozen

49

Bjo.

49

Vln.

Vln.

Vla.

Vc.

Measure 49: Bassoon (f), Brass, Percussion.

Measure 50: Glk. (p), Harp.

Measure 51: Fghrn., Glaze (p).

Measure 52: Metal, Cloud, Frozen.

Measure 53: Bjо., Vln.

Measure 54: Vln., Vla.

Measure 55: Vla., Vc.

Measure 56: Flute, Bassoon, Brass, Percussion.

Measure 57: Glk., Harp.

Measure 58: Fghrn., Glaze.

Measure 59: Metal, Cloud, Frozen.

Measure 60: Bjо., Vln.

Measure 61: Vln., Vla.

Measure 62: Vla., Vc.

Sprite Fright, Score, p. 9

59

Fl.

Bs.

59

Brass

59

Perc.

59

Glk.

59

Harp

59

Fghrn.

Glaze

Metal

Cloud

Frozen

59

Bjo.

59

Vln.

Vln.

Vla.

Vc.

Sprite Fright, Score, p. 10

Flute

# Sprite Fright

Paula Valencia

Musical score for Flute, titled "Sprite Fright" by Paula Valencia. The score consists of two staves of music.

The top staff begins with a tempo of  $\text{J} = 67$  and a dynamic of *mf*. Measure 7 consists of a single note followed by a rest. Measures 8 through 12 show a pattern of eighth-note pairs. Measures 13 and 14 are rests. Measures 15 through 29 show a continuation of the eighth-note pair pattern. Measure 29 ends with a final rest.

The bottom staff begins with a tempo of  $\text{J} = 62$  and a dynamic of *ff*. Measures 1 through 10 are rests. Measure 11 consists of a single note followed by a rest.

Bassoon

## Sprite Fright

Paula Valencia

♩ = 67

**9**

**p**

**14**

**9**

**26**

**f**

**2**

**62**

**7**

**2**

**60**

Brass Pad

## Sprite Fright

Paula Valencia

The musical score consists of four staves of music for brass instruments, labeled "Brass Pad".

- Staff 1:** Treble clef, 4/4 time. Dynamics:  $\text{♩} = 67$ ,  $mf \rightarrow f$ . Measures 1-7.
- Staff 2:** Treble clef, 4/4 time. Dynamics:  $\text{♩} = 111$ ,  $f$ . Measures 23-27. Measure 23 is labeled "13".
- Staff 3:** Treble clef, 4/4 time. Measures 42-46. Measure 42 is labeled "3". Measures 44-46 are grouped by measure numbers 2, 2, 2.
- Staff 4:** Treble clef, 4/4 time. Dynamics:  $\text{♩} = 62$ . Measures 52-53. Measure 52 is labeled "11".

Percussion

# Sprite Fright

Paula Valencia

The musical score consists of two staves of music for percussion.

**Staff 1:** Measures 1-2. Time signature: common time (indicated by '4'). Key signature: one sharp (indicated by 'F#'). Dynamics:  $\text{♩} = 67$ ,  $\text{♩} = 111$ . Articulation: **22**, **8**, **3**. Performance instruction: *mf*.

**Staff 2:** Measures 36-43. Time signature: common time (indicated by '4'). Key signature: one sharp (indicated by 'F#'). Dynamics: **f**,  $\text{♩} = 62$ . Articulation: > (multiple times), **2**, **6**, **11**.

Glockenspiel

# Sprite Fright

Paula Valencia

$\text{♩} = 67$

4  
2

p

10  
4  
6

mf

23  
16  
10

f  
p

52  
 $\text{♩} = 62$

6

Harp

## Sprite Fright

Paula Valencia

♩ = 67

10

10

13

9

♩ = 111 29

♩ = 62 11

9

29

11

Synth. Labs. Foghorn: The  
Lightkeeper

# Sprite Fright

Paula Valencia

The musical score consists of two staves. The top staff is in common time (indicated by a '4') and features a bass clef. It contains three measures of notes: a dotted half note followed by a dotted quarter note, both marked with a tempo of  $\text{♩} = 67$ ; a dotted half note followed by a dotted quarter note, both marked with a tempo of  $\text{♩} = 111$ ; and a dotted half note followed by a dotted quarter note, both marked with a tempo of  $\text{♩} = 10$ . The bottom staff is also in common time (indicated by a '4') and features a bass clef. It contains two measures of notes: a dotted half note followed by a dotted quarter note, both marked with a tempo of  $\text{♩} = 62$ ; and a dotted half note followed by a dotted quarter note, both marked with a tempo of  $\text{♩} = 11$ . The first measure of the bottom staff includes a dynamic marking *f*.

Synth. Glaze. Mmm Delicious

# Sprite Fright

Paula Valencia

The musical score consists of three staves of music. Staff 1 (top) starts at tempo  $\text{♩} = 67$ , key signature of 4, with measures 13 through 19. Measure 13 has a single note. Measures 14-18 show various notes and rests. Measures 19-20 are solid black bars. Staff 2 (middle) starts at measure 42, dynamic *f*, with a treble clef. It features a sustained note with a fermata over two measures, followed by a series of eighth-note pairs. Staff 3 (bottom) starts at measure 49, dynamic *p*, with a treble clef. It shows a sequence of eighth-note chords. Staff 4 (bottom) starts at measure 57, dynamic *f*, with a treble clef. It features a sustained note with a fermata over two measures, followed by a series of eighth-note pairs.

Synth. Kinetic Metal. Ringing  
Metal Tree

# Sprite Fright

Paula Valencia

The musical score consists of two staves. The top staff is in 4/4 time, treble clef, and has a tempo of ♩ = 67. It features a dynamic marking of **22** above the first two measures, **13** above the third measure, and **13** above the fourth measure. The bottom staff is in 4/4 time, bass clef, and has a tempo of ♩ = 111. It features a dynamic marking of **11** above the second measure. Measure 52 starts with a tempo of ♩ = 62. The score includes various note heads (solid black, open, and with a vertical line) and rests, with some notes having stems pointing up or down. The bass staff also includes a dynamic marking of **f**.

Synth. Cloud Supply. Hazed

# Sprite Fright

Paula Valencia

The musical score consists of three staves of music. The first staff begins with a tempo of  $\text{♩} = 67$  and a key signature of one sharp. Measure 22 consists of two measures of sustained notes. The tempo changes to  $\text{♩} = 111$  and the key signature changes to one flat. Measures 23 through 26 show eighth-note patterns with grace notes. The second staff starts at measure 30 with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a tempo of  $\text{♩} = 67$ . It includes dynamic markings *f* and *8va*, and a measure length of 9. The third staff begins at measure 45 with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a tempo of  $\text{♩} = 62$ .

Synth. Labs. Frozen Violin:  
Super Sul Tasto Violin

# Sprite Fright

Paula Valencia

Top Staff (Measure 19):  
Tempo:  $\text{♩} = 67$   
Measure Number: 19  
Dynamics:  $p \xrightarrow{\text{mf}} p$

Bottom Staff (Measure 31):  
Tempo:  $\text{♩} = 62$   
Measure Number: 11  
Dynamics:  $p \xrightarrow{f}$

Banjo

## Sprite Fright

Paula Valencia

The sheet music for 'Sprite Fright' is written for banjo. It features two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and a 4/4 time signature, with a tempo of  $\text{♩} = 67$ . The bottom staff also uses a treble clef and a 4/4 time signature, with a tempo of  $\text{♩} = 111$ . The first measure consists of a single note followed by a series of eighth-note chords. The second measure starts with a dynamic *f*, followed by a single note, a rest, another single note, and a series of eighth-note chords. The third measure begins with a dynamic  $\text{♩} = 62$ , followed by a single note, a rest, another single note, and a series of eighth-note chords. The fourth measure consists of a single note followed by a series of eighth-note chords. The fifth measure consists of a single note followed by a series of eighth-note chords.

Solo Violin

# Sprite Fright

Paula Valencia

$\text{♩} = 67$

$f$

$\text{♩} = 111$        $\text{♩} = 62$

5      18      29      8

Violin

# Sprite Fright

Paula Valencia

$\text{♩} = 67$

4

*p*      *mf*      pizz.

9 arco  
*p*      *mf*

16 pizz.  
3      3      3      2

*f*

21 arco  
*mf*       $\text{♩} = 111$  4      pizz.

30 7 arco

43 7  $\text{♩} = 62$   
f

57 pizz.  
*mf*      *f*      arco      2

Viola

# Sprite Fright

Paula Valencia

**4**

$\text{♩} = 67$

**pizz.**

**10** arco

**p**

**mf**

**pizz.**

**17** **2** arco

**p**

**mf**

**16**

**41**

**7**

**62**

**f**

**pizz.**

**arco**

**2**

**f**

Cello

# Sprite Fright

Paula Valencia

$\text{♩} = 67$

3  
**p**      *mf*      pizz.

9      arco  
**p**      *mf*

16      pizz. 3      3      3      3      arco  
**f**      **p**

21       $\text{♩} = 111$   
*mf*

30      2  
**f**      *mf*

39

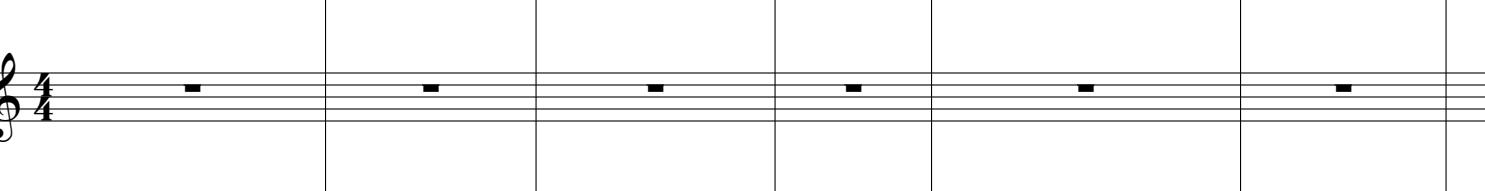
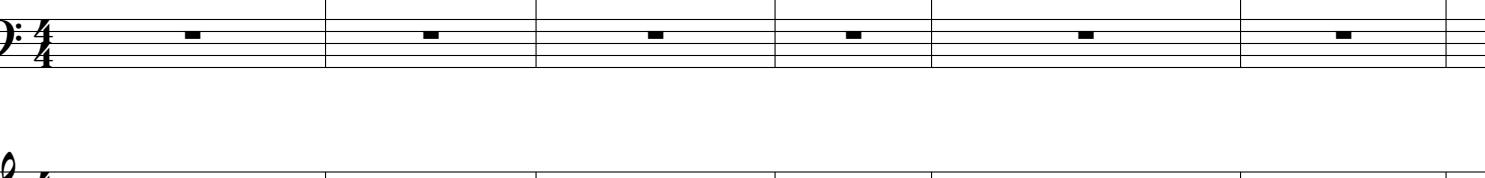
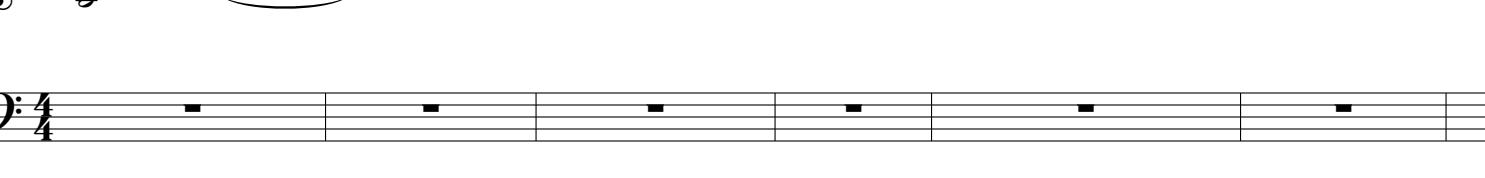
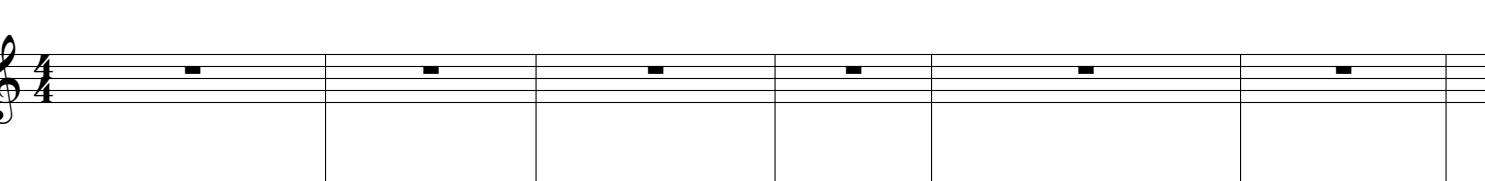
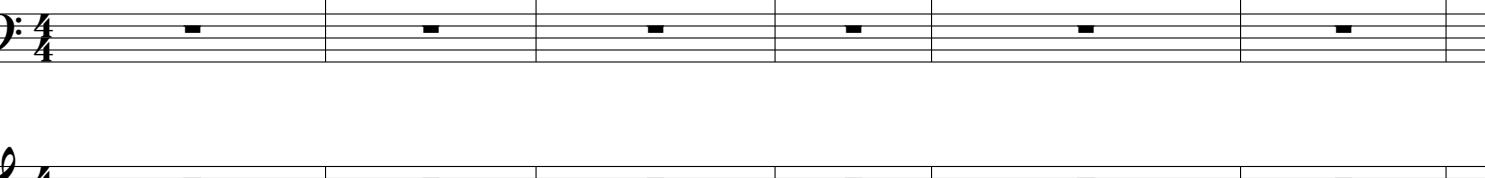
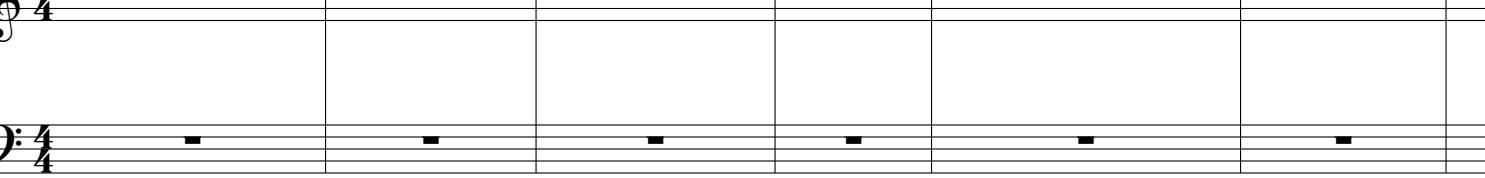
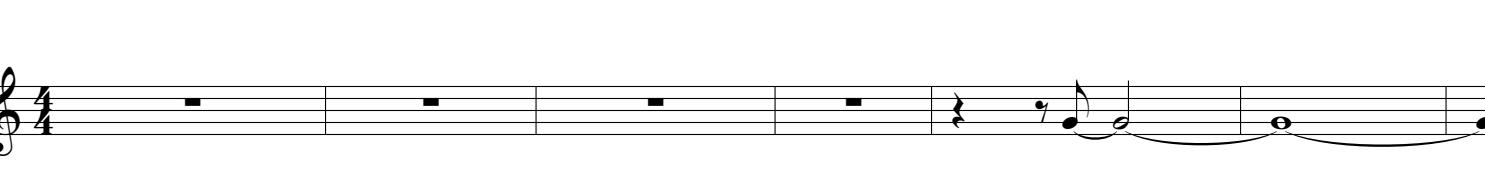
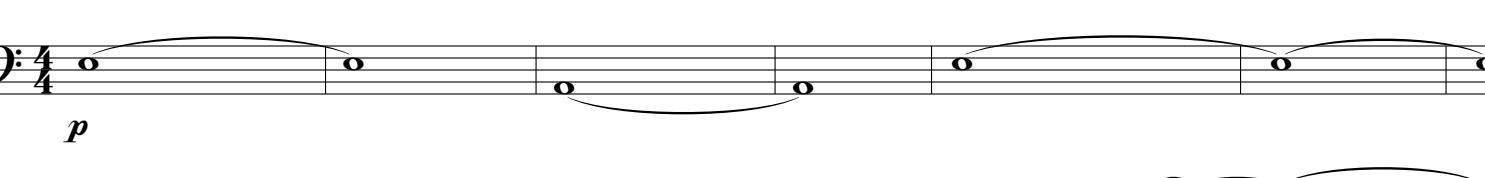
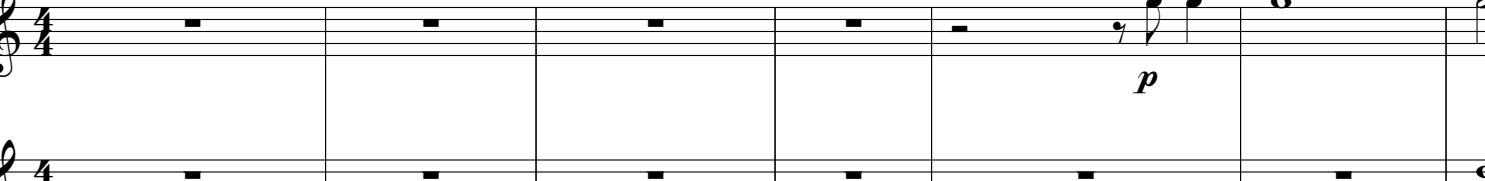
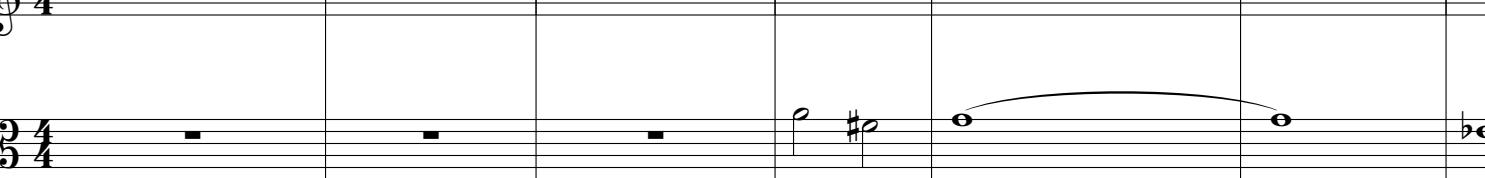
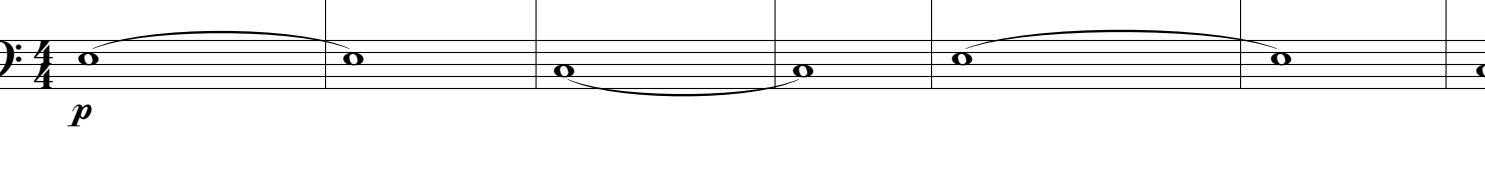
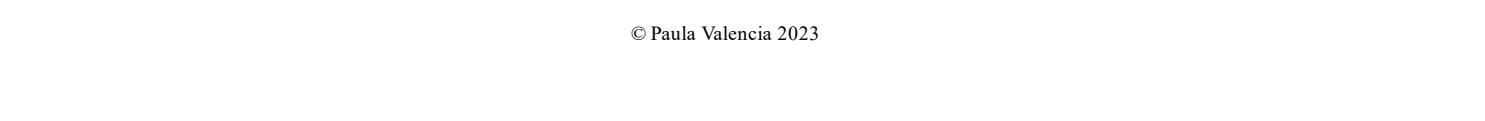
48      2       $\text{♩} = 62$   
**f**

57      pizz.      arco  
*mf*      2

## Score Concert Pitch

# I'll Catch You

Paula Valencia

Tenor Sax:   
 Horns:   
 Trumpet:   
 Trombone:   
 Glockenspiel:   
 Cymbals:   
 Timpani:   
 Harp:   
 Piano:   
 Sunda Atmos: The Harbour:   
 Electric Bass:   
 Violin 1:   
 Violin 2:   
 Viola:   
 Cello:   
 Double Bass: 

T. Sax.

Hrns.

Tpt.

Tbn.

Glk.

Cym.

Timp.

Harp

Pno.

Tundra

E.B.

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Vla.

Vc.

D. B.

8

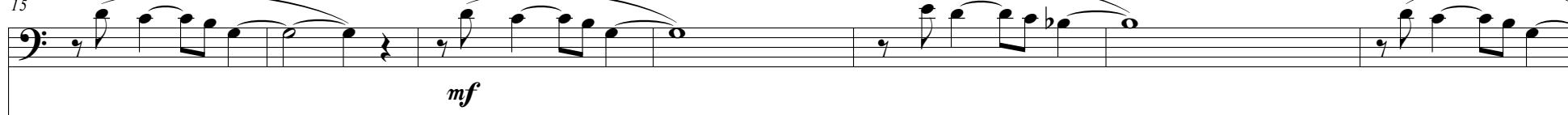
I'll Catch You

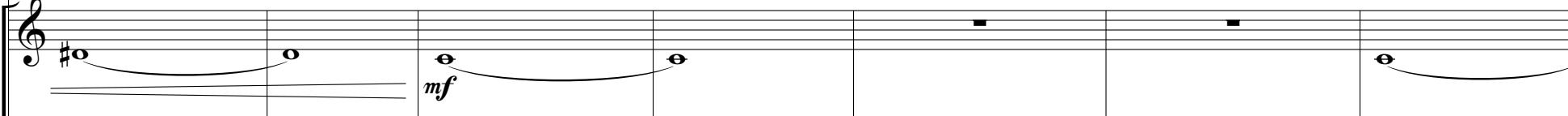
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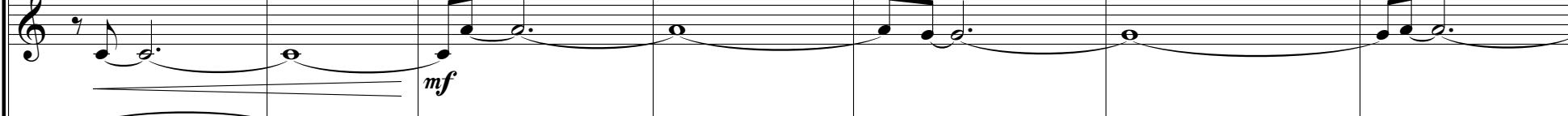
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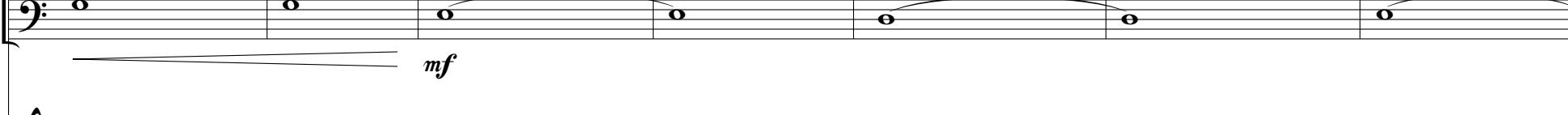
This page contains 15 staves of musical notation. The top staff is for Tenor Saxophone (T. Sax.), followed by Horns (Hrns.), Trumpet (Tpt.), Bassoon (Tbn.), Glockenspiel (Glk.), Cymbals (Cym.), Timpani (Timp.), Harp, and Piano (Pno.). The bottom section contains five staves: Tundra, Double Bass (E.B.), Violin 1 (Vln. 1), Violin 2 (Vln. 2), Viola (Vla.), Cello (Vc.), and Double Bass (D. B.). Measure 8 begins with a melodic line in the T. Sax. staff. Measures 9-12 feature sustained notes or rests across most of the instruments. Measure 13 starts a new melodic line in the Vln. 1 staff. Measures 14-15 show sustained notes in the lower strings (E.B., Vla., Vc., D. B.). Measure 16 concludes with sustained notes in the lower strings.

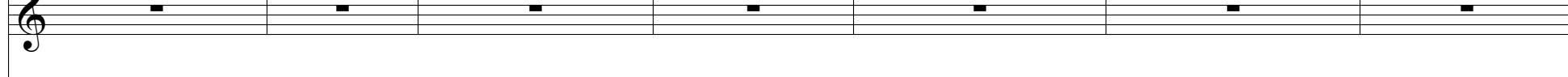
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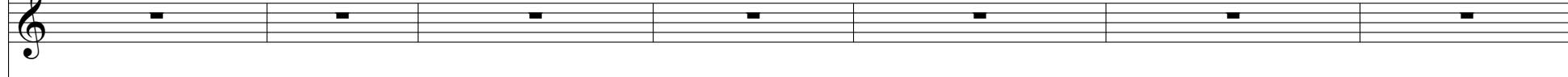
T. Sax. 

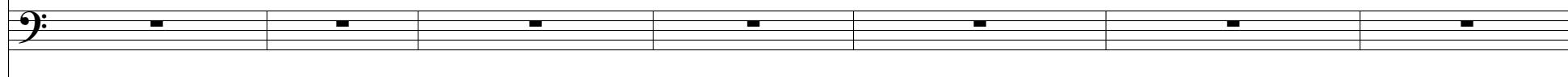
Hrns. 

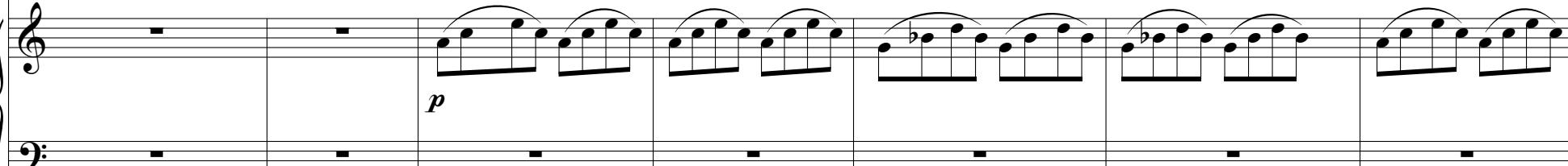
Tpt. 

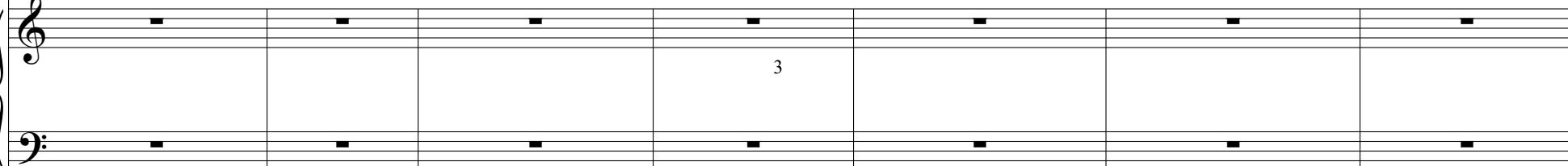
Tbn. 

Glk. 

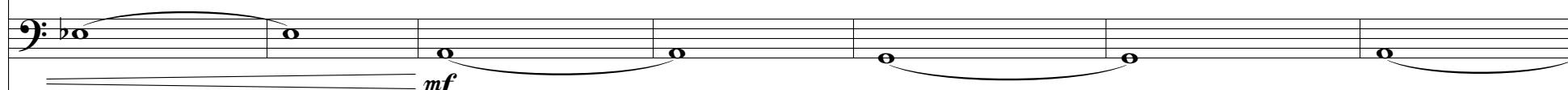
Cym. 

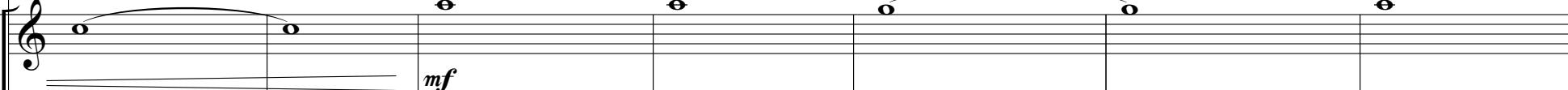
Timp. 

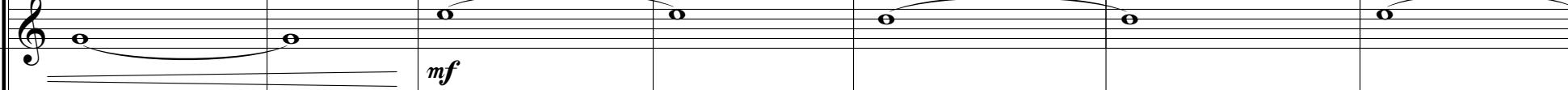
Harp 

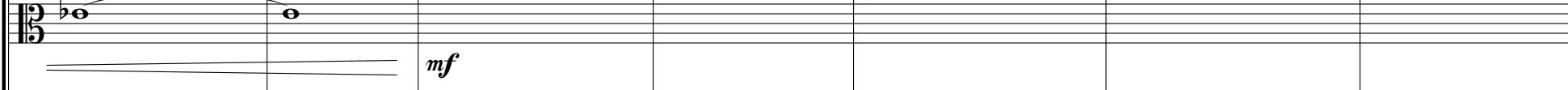
Pno. 

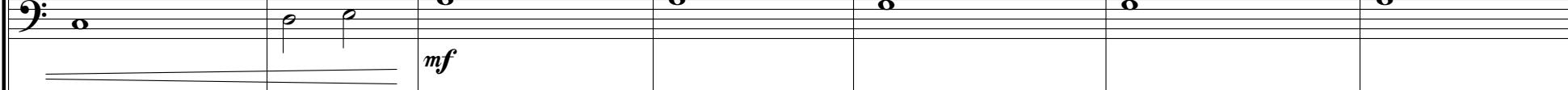
Tundra 

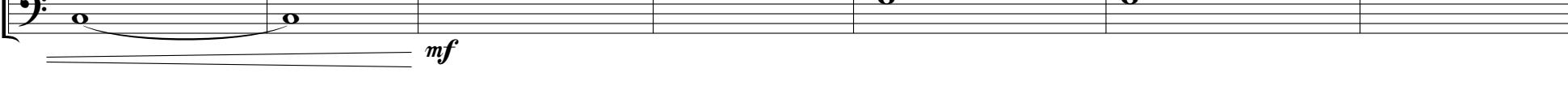
E.B. 

Vln. 1 

Vln. 2 

Vla. 

Vc. 

D. B. 

I'll Catch You

I'll Catch You

22

T. Sax.

Hrns.

Tpt.

Tbn.

Glk.

Cym.

Timp.

Harp

Pno.

Tundra

E.B.

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Vla.

Vc.

D. B.

*f*

*f*

*f*

*p* — *f*

4

*f*

*f*

*f*

*f*

*f*

I'll Catch You

29

T. Sax.

I'll Catch You

41

Hrns.

Tpt.

Tbn.

Glk.

Cym.

Timp.

Harp

Pno.

Tundra

E.B.

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Vla.

Vc.

D. B.

I'll Catch You

32

This musical score page contains 17 staves, each with a different instrument name. The instruments are: T. Sax., Hrns., Tpt., Tbn., Glk., Cym., Timp., Harp, Pno., Tundra, E.B., Vln. 1, Vln. 2, Vla., Vc., and D. B. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. Measure 1 consists of two measures of music. Measure 2 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 3 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 4 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 5 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 6 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 7 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 8 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 9 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 10 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 11 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 12 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 13 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 14 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 15 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 16 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 17 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 18 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 19 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 20 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 21 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 22 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 23 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 24 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 25 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 26 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 27 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 28 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 29 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 30 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 31 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure. Measure 32 starts with a measure of music followed by a repeat sign, then continues with another measure.

Tenor Sax

# I'll Catch You

Paula Valencia

**1** ♩ = 70

**5**

**9**

**13**

**18**

**24**

**29**

**34**

Horns

## I'll Catch You

Paula Valencia

Musical score for Horns, page 44, measures 10-12. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The time signature is common time (4/4). The tempo is indicated as  $\text{♩} = 70$ . Measure 10 starts with a thick black bar followed by a rest. The melody consists of notes: a half note B-flat, a quarter note A, a quarter note A, a half note G, a half note G, and a half note F-sharp. Measures 11 and 12 are blank.

Musical score for Horns, page 44, measures 17-19. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The time signature is common time (4/4). Measure 17 starts with a half note E, followed by a half note D, a rest, a rest, a half note C, a half note C, and a half note B-sharp. Measure 18 starts with a half note A, followed by a half note G, a rest, a half note F-sharp, and a half note E. Measure 19 starts with a half note D, followed by a half note C, a half note B-sharp, and a half note A. Dynamics include *mf* at the beginning of measure 17 and *f* at the end of measure 18.

Musical score for Horns, page 44, measures 25-27. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The time signature is common time (4/4). Measure 25 starts with a rest, followed by a rest, a half note E, a half note D, a half note C, a half note B-sharp, and a half note A. Measure 26 starts with a rest, followed by a rest, a half note A, a half note G, a half note F-sharp, and a half note E. Measure 27 starts with a rest, followed by a rest, a half note D, a half note C, a half note B-sharp, and a half note A.

Musical score for Horns, page 44, measures 33-35. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The time signature is common time (4/4). Measure 33 starts with a half note B, followed by a half note A, a half note G, a half note F-sharp, and a half note E. Measure 34 starts with a half note D, followed by a half note C, a half note B-sharp, and a half note A. Measure 35 starts with a half note G, followed by a half note F-sharp, and a half note E.

Trumpet

## I'll Catch You

Paula Valencia

Musical score for Trumpet:

- Staff 1 (Measures 14-16): Dynamic *mf*. Measure 14: Rest. Measure 15:  $\text{C}_4$ ,  $\text{D}_4$ ,  $\text{E}_4$ . Measure 16:  $\text{F}_4$ ,  $\text{G}_4$ ,  $\text{A}_4$ .
- Staff 2 (Measures 20-22): Dynamic *f*. Measure 20:  $\text{B}_4$ ,  $\text{C}_4$ ,  $\text{D}_4$ . Measure 21:  $\text{E}_4$ ,  $\text{F}_4$ ,  $\text{G}_4$ . Measure 22:  $\text{A}_4$ ,  $\text{B}_4$ ,  $\text{C}_4$ .
- Staff 3 (Measures 28-30): Measures 28-30 show a continuous eighth-note pattern:  $\text{D}_4$ ,  $\text{E}_4$ ,  $\text{F}_4$ ,  $\text{G}_4$ ,  $\text{A}_4$ ,  $\text{B}_4$ ,  $\text{C}_4$ ,  $\text{D}_4$ ,  $\text{E}_4$ ,  $\text{F}_4$ ,  $\text{G}_4$ ,  $\text{A}_4$ ,  $\text{B}_4$ ,  $\text{C}_4$ .
- Staff 4 (Measures 31-33): Measures 31-33 show a continuous eighth-note pattern:  $\text{D}_4$ ,  $\text{E}_4$ ,  $\text{F}_4$ ,  $\text{G}_4$ ,  $\text{A}_4$ ,  $\text{B}_4$ ,  $\text{C}_4$ ,  $\text{D}_4$ ,  $\text{E}_4$ ,  $\text{F}_4$ ,  $\text{G}_4$ ,  $\text{A}_4$ ,  $\text{B}_4$ ,  $\text{C}_4$ .

Trombone

## I'll Catch You

Paula Valencia

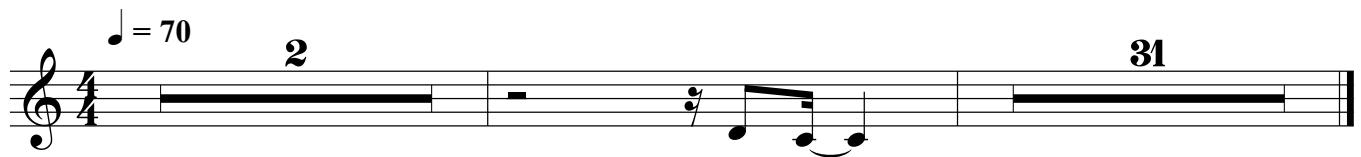
Musical score for Trombone:

- Staff 1 (Measures 14-15):  $\text{♩} = 70$ . Dynamic: *mf*. Measure 14: Rest (4 measures). Measure 15: Open circles (4 measures).
- Staff 2 (Measure 22): Dynamic: *f*. Measure 22: Open circles (4 measures).
- Staff 3 (Measure 31): Dynamic: *f*. Measure 31: Open circles (4 measures). The last note has a fermata.

Glockenspiel

## I'll Catch You

Paula Valencia



# I'll Catch You

Paula Valencia

$\text{♩} = 70$

(Bowed cymbals) - - - -

**22**

**f**

**29**

Timpani

## I'll Catch You

Paula Valencia

Musical score for Timpani, page 49, featuring two staves of music.

**Staff 1 (Measure 23):** Key signature of one sharp (F#). Time signature of common time (4/4). Dynamics: dynamic marking *p* followed by a crescendo line leading to *f*. Fingerings: > over the first note of the eighth-note group. Measure starts with a sustained note followed by a sixteenth-note rest, then eighth-note pairs.

**Staff 2 (Measure 29):** Key signature of one sharp (F#). Time signature of common time (4/4). Dynamics: dynamic marking *p* followed by a crescendo line leading to *f*. Fingerings: > over the first note of the eighth-note group. Measure starts with a sustained note followed by eighth-note pairs.

Harp

## I'll Catch You

Paula Valencia

Musical score for Harp, page 50, measures 16-17. The tempo is  $\text{♩} = 70$ . The key signature is common time (4/4). The music consists of two staves. The top staff starts with a long note followed by sixteenth-note patterns. The bottom staff starts with a long note followed by eighth notes. Measure 16 ends with a dynamic *p*. Measure 17 continues the sixteenth-note patterns.

Musical score for Harp, page 50, measures 20-21. The key signature changes to one flat. The music consists of two staves. The top staff shows eighth-note patterns with slurs. The bottom staff shows eighth-note patterns with slurs. Measure 21 concludes with a repeat sign.

Musical score for Harp, page 50, measures 25-26. The key signature changes to one sharp. The music consists of two staves. The top staff shows eighth-note patterns with slurs. The bottom staff shows eighth-note patterns with slurs. Measures 25 and 26 end with long horizontal bars.

Piano

## I'll Catch You

Paula Valencia

♩ = 70

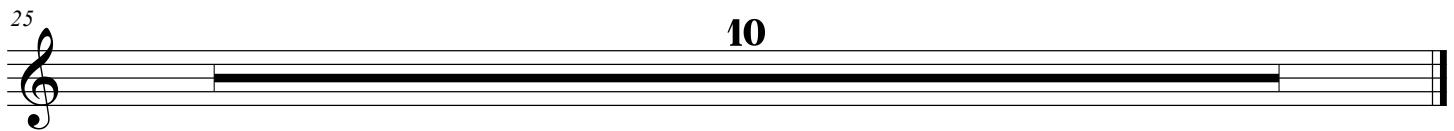
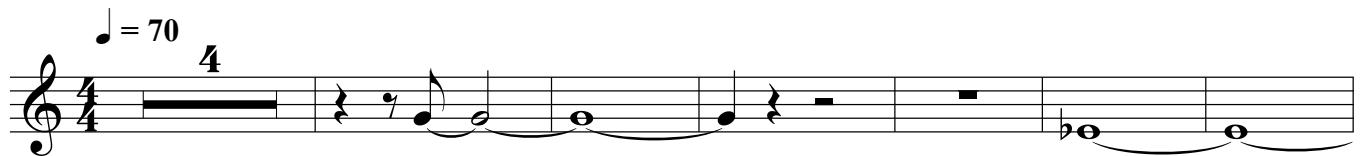
32

32

Synth. Labs. Tundra Atmos:  
Ghost At The Harbour  
Concert Pitch

# I'll Catch You

Paula Valencia



Electric Bass

## I'll Catch You

Paula Valencia

$\text{♩} = 70$

**p**

9

18

27

Violin 1

## I'll Catch You

Paula Valencia

Musical score for Violin 1, page 54, measures 4-10. The score is in common time (indicated by '4') and treble clef. Measure 4 starts with a dynamic **p**. Measures 5-10 show a continuous eighth-note pattern with slurs and grace notes.

Musical score for Violin 1, page 54, measures 11-16. The score is in common time (indicated by '4') and treble clef. Measures 11-16 show a continuous eighth-note pattern with slurs and grace notes, followed by a dynamic **mf**.

Musical score for Violin 1, page 54, measures 20-25. The score is in common time (indicated by '4') and treble clef. Measures 20-25 show a continuous eighth-note pattern with slurs and grace notes, followed by a dynamic **f**.

Musical score for Violin 1, page 54, measures 29-34. The score is in common time (indicated by '4') and treble clef. Measures 29-34 show a continuous eighth-note pattern with slurs and grace notes, ending with a fermata over the last note.

Violin 2

## I'll Catch You

Paula Valencia

♩ = 70  
5

13  
mf

22  
f

31

Viola

## I'll Catch You

Paula Valencia

Musical score for Viola, page 56. The score consists of four staves of music.

- Staff 1:** Measures 1-9. Time signature  $\frac{4}{4}$ . Key signature: one sharp. Dynamic **p**. Tempo  $\text{♩} = 70$ . Measure 3: **3**.
- Staff 2:** Measures 10-18. Time signature  $\frac{4}{4}$ . Key signature: one sharp. Measure 10: **mf**.
- Staff 3:** Measures 19-27. Time signature  $\frac{4}{4}$ . Key signature: one sharp. Measure 19: **f**.
- Staff 4:** Measures 28-36. Time signature  $\frac{4}{4}$ . Key signature: one sharp. Measure 28: **ff**.

Cello

## I'll Catch You

Paula Valencia

$\text{♩} = 70$

9

18

27

Double Bass

## I'll Catch You

Paula Valencia

$\text{♩} = 70$

**p**

Measure 1: Open string. Measure 2: Open string. Measure 3: Open string. Measure 4: Open string. Measure 5: Open string. Measure 6: Open string. Measure 7: Open string. Measure 8: Open string.

9

Measure 9: Open string. Measure 10: Open string. Measure 11: Open string. Measure 12: Open string. Measure 13: Open string. Measure 14: Open string.

18

Measure 18: Open string. Measure 19: Open string. Measure 20: Open string. Measure 21: Open string. Measure 22: Open string. Measure 23: Open string.

27

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## CONCLUSIONES

En el transcurso de este proyecto, la composición musical para los cortometrajes 'Sprite Fright' y 'I'll Catch You' ha sido reveladora, sirviendo como un epítome tangible de los conocimientos acumulados durante años de estudio y práctica. La conexión íntima con lo audiovisual ha sido fundamental, destacando la capacidad de entender y traducir la visión del director en una partitura que no solo acompaña, sino que enriquece la experiencia cinematográfica.

La música, como lenguaje universal, ha demostrado ser un componente esencial en la narrativa visual. Al explorar la creación de bandas sonoras originales, este trabajo ha desentrañado las complejidades de la colaboración entre el director y el compositor, revelando la importancia de interpretar las imágenes con precisión y sensibilidad.

En la culminación de este trabajo, se consolida la idea de que la música cinematográfica trasciende el mero acompañamiento, convirtiéndose en un elemento intrínseco para la percepción y apreciación de la obra audiovisual. Esta investigación no solo contribuye al entendimiento académico de la música en el cine, sino que también aporta al enriquecimiento del panorama cinematográfico local, evidenciando la capacidad de la música para potenciar la narrativa y resaltar la singularidad cultural.

En última instancia, este trabajo de titulación no solo representa el cierre de un ciclo académico, sino el inicio de una continuación en la exploración de la música como un catalizador artístico en el mundo del cine, una sinfonía en constante evolución que sigue resonando más allá de sus límites visuales.

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